| SUBJECT: Geometry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Year 7 | Year 8 | Year 9 | KS4 Foundation pathway | KS4 Higher pathway | KS5 (Level 3) | Further Education and training | Careers |
| 2D Shapes <br> - Identify and name different triangles and quadrilaterals <br> - Work out the perimeter of composite shapes and polygons <br> - Find areas of irregular shapes by counting squares <br> - Calculate areas of rectangles and rectilinear shapes <br> 3D Shapes <br> Angles <br> - Use a protractor to measure and draw angles <br> - Recognise types of angles <br> - Estimate the size of angles <br> - Identify angle and side properties for triangles <br> - Use rules for angles on a straight line, | 2D Shapes <br> - Name different polygons and how to classify them <br> - Derive and use the formula for area of triangle <br> - Calculate the area of compound shapes made up of triangles and rectangles <br> - Derive and use the formula for area of parallelograms and trapeziums <br> 3D Shapes <br> - Classify and name 3D shapes using correct language <br> - Calculate the volume of cubes and cuboids <br> - Calculate the volume of composite 3D shapes made up of cubes and cuboids | 2D Shapes <br> 3D Shapes <br> - Calculate the volume and surface area of a right prism and cylinder <br> Angles <br> Constructions, loci and bearings <br> Pythagoras and trigonometry <br> - Explore and apply Pythagoras theorem to find missing sides in a right angle triangle <br> - Apply metric conversions of area and volume to volume and surface area problems <br> - Explore naming sides of right angle triangles <br> - Derive and use the sin, cosine and tangent ratios to find missing angles and unknown sides | 2D Shapes <br> - Identify parallel and perpendicular lines <br> - Find missing lengths given the area for a variety of 2D shapes <br> - Solve area and perimeter problems that involve converting units of measure <br> - Calculate areas in hectares and convert between hectares and meters squared <br> 3D Shapes <br> - Calculate the surface area and volume of any prism <br> - Identify and sketch planes of symmetry in 3D shapes <br> - Interpret plans and elevation drawings <br> - Find the volume and | 2D Shapes <br> - Identify parallel and perpendicular lines <br> - Find missing lengths given the area for a variety of 2D shapes <br> - Solve area and perimeter problems that involve converting units of measure <br> - Calculate areas in hectares and convert between hectares and meters squared <br> 3D Shapes <br> - Calculate the surface area and volume of any prism <br> - Find the volume and surface area of cones, spheres, pyramids and composite 3D solids <br> - Work backwards to find missing | 2D + 3D Shapes <br> - Apply formulas for area and volume in different contexts <br> - Use a variety of estimation techniques in context, creating working models for: populations, land to sea ratio's or in manufacturing/production planning (Core Maths) <br> - Complete proofs and solve equations using trigonometric identities (Alevel) <br> Angles, Measures, Pythagoras and trigonometry <br> - Drawing accurate force diagrams (A-level) <br> - Work with maps, scale drawings and bearings <br> - Use Pythagoras' theorem working with lengths and distances <br> - Use angle rules with mechanical modelling, force diagrams and with calculations of vector quantities (A-level) <br> - Using exact trigonometric ratios (A-level) <br> - Use sine and cosine rules to solve geometric problems with triangles(Alevel) <br> - Use double angle and compound angle | - Natural Sciences <br> - Engineering <br> - Graphics/Product Design <br> - Any courses requiring problem solving | Actuarial Science <br> - Aeronautical <br> Engineering <br> Chemical <br> Engineering <br> Civil Engineering <br> Economics <br> Electrical/Electronic <br> Engineering <br> Engineering <br> (General) <br> - Mathematics <br> - Mechanical <br> Engineering <br> - Physics <br> - Statistics <br> - Food/Manufacturing <br> - Logistics <br> - Factory product design and production planning <br> - Architecture <br> - Sound engineer |

Core knowledge and skills mapped across the curriculum

| vertically opposite and around a point to solve problems <br> - Use the rule for angles in a tringle to solve problems involving interior and exterior angles <br> - Use the sum of angles in a quadrilateral to solve interior and exteriors angle problems for quadrilaterals <br> Constructions, loci and bearings <br> - Use a ruler and protractor to draw triangles articulately <br> Pythagoras and trigonometry <br> Transformations, vectors and congruency <br> - Identify congruent shapes <br> - Describe and perform enlargements with only scale factor (no centre) <br> - Recognise lines of symmetry and rotation | - Sketch the nets of 3D solids accurately <br> - Draw 3D solids on isometric paper <br> - Draw plans and elevations of 3D solids <br> - Calculate the surface area of cubes and cuboids <br> Angles <br> - Use the properties of special quadrilaterals to solve angle problems <br> - Introduction to parallel line notation and concept <br> - Identify alternate and corresponding angles on a diagram and use facts to solve missing angle problems in parallel lines <br> - Calculate the sum of interior and exterior angles in a polygon | Transformations, vectors and congruency <br> - Enlarge a 2D <br> shape with a centre of enlargement <br> - Find the centre of enlargement by drawing lines on grid <br> - Understand that the scale factor is the ratio between the corresponding lengths <br> - Enlarge 2D shape by using negative integers and fractional scale factors <br> - Use congruent shapes to solve problems involving triangles and other polygons <br> - Work out if shapes are similar, congruent or neither <br> - Solve problems involving similar triangles <br> Measures | surface area of cones, spheres, <br> pyramids and composite 3D solids <br> Angles <br> - Derive and apply the formula for sum of interior angles in any regular or irregular polygon and use this to find missing angles <br> - Explore and understand angle proofs about triangles <br> Constructions, loci and bearings <br> - Accurately draw angles and 2D shapes using a ruler, protractor and compasses <br> - Construct a polygon inside a circle <br> - Bisect angles and lines using compasses and rulers <br> - Find the shortest distance from a point to a line | values for the above <br> Angles <br> - Derive and apply the formula for sum of interior angles in any regular or irregular polygon and use this to find missing angles <br> - Explore and understand angle proofs about triangles <br> - Derive and use the fact that the exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the two opposite interior angles <br> - Derive and apply the formula for sum of interior angles in any regular or irregular polygon and use this to find missing angles <br> Constructions, loci and bearings <br> - Accurately draw angles and 2D shapes using a ruler, protractor and compasses | formulae to complete proofs and solve equations (A-level) <br> - Draw and use graphs of sine, cosine and tangent to find all solutions to trigonometric equations. (A-level) <br> - Graphs of reciprocal trigonometric functions and their domains and ranges (A-level) <br> - Use reciprocal trigonometric functions to solve equations(A-level) <br> - Use inverse trigonometric functions and their domains and ranges(Alevel) <br> - Work interchangeably with degrees and radians(Alevel) <br> - Use radians to work out areas of sectors and segments(A-level) <br> - Small angle approximations(A-level) <br> - Modelling with trigonometric functions in context(A-level) <br> Circles <br> - Identify and use parts of circles with formulas for area and volume. <br> - Apply circle theorems to solve geometric problems (A-level) |
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Core knowledge and skills mapped across the curriculum

| symmetry in 2D shapes <br> - Identify refection symmetry in 3D shapes <br> - Carry out reflections in a mirror line, including on a coordinate grid <br> - Describe a reflection on a coordinate grid <br> - Describe and perform rotations on a coordinate grid <br> - Perform and describe translations using instruction, no† vectors <br> - Perform a combination of transformations on 2D shapes <br> Measures <br> - Compare measurements by converting them to the same units (metric) <br> - Solve simple problems involving units of measurements | - Work out the sizes of interior and exterior angles in a polygon <br> - Develop reasoning skills including using angle notation and correct definitions <br> - Form equations to find missing angles <br> Constructions, loci and bearings <br> Pythagoras and trigonometry <br> Transformations, vectors and congruency <br> Measures <br> - Converting units of measures for area, volume and capacity <br> - Know rough equivalences between metric and imperial units <br> Circles | - Calculate with compound measures (speed, density and pressure) <br> - SOLVE <br> PROBLEMS USING <br> CONSTANT <br> RATES AND <br> RELATED <br> FORMULA <br> Circles <br> - Explore parts of a circle and define key parts <br> - Derive and use formulae for area and circumference of a circle and calculate leaving your answer in terms of pi | - Draw loci and identify regions bound by loci <br> - Find and use 3 figure bearings <br> - Use angles in parallel lines to work out bearings <br> - Solve problems involving bearings and scale diagrams <br> Pythagoras and trigonometry <br> - Calculate the length of a line segment using Pythagoras <br> - Know and use exact trigonometric values <br> - Combine Pythagoras and trigonometry to complex problems <br> Transformations, vectors and congruency <br> - Translate shape on coordinate grid suing a column vector <br> - Describe combination of transformations <br> - Identify and use the four | - Construct a polygon inside a circle <br> - Bisect angles and lines using compasses and rulers <br> - Find the shortest distance from a point to a line <br> - Draw loci and identify regions bound by loci <br> - Find and use 3 figure bearings <br> - Use angles in parallel lines to work out bearings <br> - Solve problems involving bearings and scale diagrams <br> Pythagoras and trigonometry <br> - Find angles of elevation and depression <br> - Recall and use exact trig values <br> - Calculate the length of a line segment using Pythagoras <br> - Combine Pythagoras and trigonometry to | Transformations, vectors and congruency <br> - Use column vectors and unit vectors interchangeably(A-level) <br> - Calculate magnitude and direction of vectors (Alevel) <br> - Use vectors to solve geometric problems(Alevel) <br> - Use vectors in speeds and distance calculations(Alevel) <br> - Use vectors in 3D(A-level) <br> - Use vectors in mechanics (A-level) <br> - Describe links between trigonometric graphs using transformation(A-level) <br> - Draw and describe affects of translation, reflections and stretches to graphs and their equations(Alevel) <br> - Combining multiple dependent and independent transformation(A-level) |
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Core knowledge and skills mapped across the curriculum


|  |  |  | Measures <br> - Draw diagrams to scale <br> Circles <br> - Work out the radius or diameter of a circle given the circumference or area of a circle <br> - Calculate areas and perimeter of sectors of circles | Transformations, vectors and congruency <br> - Translate shape on coordinate grid suing a column vector <br> - Describe combination of transformations <br> - Describe an enlargement with a negative scale factor <br> - Identify and use the four triangle congruency rules from a given description <br> - Understand similarity and use it to solve angle problems <br> - Use similarity to solve angle problems and find missing lengths <br> - Determine when two shapes are definitely not (or may not be) similar <br> - Calculate perimeters of similar shapes |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  | - Use congruency to work out unknown angles and sides <br> - Perform column vector arithmetic <br> - Identify column vectors that are parallel <br> - Draw vectors <br> - Prove shapes are congruent <br> - Find similar length, areas and volumes <br> - Understand and use vector notation <br> - Work out the magnitude of a vector <br> - Perform vector arithmetic and represent the solutions graphically <br> - Identify when vectors are parallel and find the resultant of two vectors <br> - Use the resultant of two vectors to solve vector problems |  |  |  |
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