Quality of Education: Curriculum is planned and sequenced so that new **knowledge** and **skills** build on what has been taught before and towards its clearly defined end points.



<u>Year 7</u>	<u>Year 8</u>	<u>Year 9</u>	KS4 Foundation pathway	KS4 Higher pathway	KS5 (Level 3) – A-level Mathematics/Core Mathematics	Further Education and training	Careers
 Use scale drawings Use and understand ratio notation Simplify 2 or 3 part ratios Find equivalent ratios Divide a quantity into two parts of a given ratio Proportion Solve simple problems involving direct proportion Use the unitary method to solve simple word problems involving direct proportion Use fractions to describe and compare proportions Understand and use the relationship between fractions, ratio and proportion Use percentages to describe and 	Solve ratios and proportion problems involving decimals Use unit ratios Proportion Apply direct proportion to graphical representations (straight line graphs) Recognise when two things are in direct proportion	Proportion • Write formula and use to solve problems using direct and inverse proportions • Solve best buy problems using inverse proportion	Use ratios to convert between units Compare ratios (a:b, b:c what is a:b:c) Understand the link between the unit ratio and the gradient Convert between currencies Proportion Ratio Use ratios to convert ratios (a:b, b:c what is a:b:c) Understand the link between the unit ratio and	Use ratios to convert between units Compare ratios (a:b, b:c what is a:b:c) Understand the link between the unit ratio and the gradient Convert between currencies Proportion Write and use equations for direct and inverse proportion using the constant K Solve problems involving cubic and square proportionality Use and recognise graphs showing direct and indirect proportion	Solve vector problems with lengths given in ratios (A-level) Solve mechanic problems with pulleys and weighted by unknown masses but with specific ratio (A-level) Proportion Use graphs and calculation to identify whether sets of data are directly, indirectly proportional Identify whether linear models are suitable Use logarithms to help model non-linear data	Natural Sciences Agriculture	 Banking Finance Mortgage Broker Stock Brokers Post office Engineering Farming and land management Landscaping Cartography

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