

## Here is your homework:

Log in to Memrise and spend a **minimum** of 30 minutes a week playing the games based on the vocabulary from this half term. Obviously the more you play, the higher up the leaderboard you will be. Points will turn in to prizes every half term and you could be on the wall of fame outside T2.

Website: [www.memrise.com](http://www.memrise.com)

Username: You will create your own but ideally your school login  
 Password: You can create your own but we recommend 'Ormiston1'

You will then need to find your Memrise Group on Class Charts and off you go!

2. Your class teacher will set you weekly listening tasks. These will be on Active Learn.

Website:  
<https://www.pearsonactivelearn.com/app/Home>

Username: Your FULL school email address, including the @ormiston...  
 Password: Ormiston1

## Grammaire

**pouvoir** (to be able to) is an irregular modal verb. It is usually followed by an **infinitive**.

<i>je peux</i>	I can
<i>tu peux</i>	you can
<i>il/elle/on peut</i>	he/she/we can
<i>nous pouvons</i>	we (people) can
<i>vous pouvez</i>	you can
<i>ils/elles peuvent</i>	they can
<i>On peut cultiver le coton.</i>	You can <b>grow</b> cotton.

**ne ... pas** around **pouvoir** makes it negative:

*Je ne peux pas aller à l'école.* I **can't** go to school.

How many examples of **pouvoir** + infinitive can you find in the text in exercise 77?

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**Beau, nouveau** and **vieux** are common irregular adjectives. They come before the noun.

un **beau** salon a beautiful living room

	masculine	feminine	m. plural	f. plural
beautiful	<i>beau</i>	<i>belle</i>	<i>beaux</i>	<i>belles</i>
new	<i>nouveau</i>	<i>nouvelle</i>	<i>nouveaux</i>	<i>nouvelles</i>
old	<i>vieux</i>	<i>vieille</i>	<i>vieux</i>	<i>vieilles</i>

Before a vowel or h, use **bel / nouvel / vieil**

un **bel** appartement

Some verbs are **reflexive**; there is a **reflexive pronoun** before the verb.

<b>se coucher</b>	to go to bed
<i>je me couche</i>	I go to bed
<i>tu te couches</i>	you (singular) go to bed
<i>il/elle se couche</i>	he/she goes to bed
<i>on se couche</i>	we go to bed
<i>nous nous couchons</i>	we go to bed

**me, te** and **se** change to **m', t' or s'** before a vowel or h.

*je m'habille* I get dressed

Can you spot which verb in exercises 1 and 2 is not a reflexive verb?

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When there are two different time frames (e.g. present and past) in a text, pay special attention to the **verbs**:

**Present:** *j'habite, je me lève, on peut, je dois, ...*

**Past:** *j'ai mangé, je suis allé, ...*

Look for examples of present and past tense verbs in the text in exercise 1.

**devoir** (to have to / must) is an irregular modal verb.

<i>je dois</i>	I must
<i>tu dois</i>	you (singular) must
<i>il/elle / on doit</i>	he/she / we must
<i>nous devons</i>	we must
<i>vous devez</i>	you (plural or polite) must
<i>ils/elles doivent</i>	they must

Elle **doit faire** la cuisine. She **must do** the cooking.

Putting **ne ... pas** around **devoir** makes it negative.

On **ne doit pas polluer** l'eau. We **must not pollute** the water.

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**Subject: French Spring 2**  
**Module 4: Le monde est petit**

**WEEK 1 Elle est comment, ta région?**

On peut - you can  
Des grottes - caves  
Du canoë-kayak - canoeing  
Des randonnées - walking  
En été - in summer  
En hiver - in winter  
Bretagne - Brittany  
Des champs - fields  
Des lacs - lakes  
Les bâtiments - buildings  
Les forêts - forests  
Les montagnes - mountains  
Les voitures - cars

**WEEK 2 Qu'est-ce que tu dois faire à la maison?**

Je dois - I must/have to  
Garder le bébé - do babysitting  
Rapporter l'eau - fetch water  
Laver la voiture - wash the car  
Faire la vaisselle - do the washing up  
Ranger ma chambre - tidy my room  
Faire la lessive - wash the clothes  
Nourrir le chien - feed the dog  
Tous les jours - every day  
Souvent - often  
Quelquefois - occasionally  
Je pense que c'est - I think it's  
Juste - fair

**Nouns are in red**  
**Verbs are in blue**  
**Adjectives/adverbs are in green**  
**Key phrases in purple**

**WEEK 3 Ma routine, ta routine**

Je me lève - I get up  
Je me couche - I go to bed  
Je me douche - I shower  
Je m'habille - I get dressed  
Je me coiffe - I do my hair  
Je me lave les dents - I brush my teeth  
Je prends le petit déjeuner - I have breakfast  
Sept heures - 7 o'clock  
Et quart - quarter past  
Moins le quart - quarter to  
Et demie - half past

**WEEK 4 J'ai déménagé**

mon/ma - my  
nouveau/nouvelle - new  
beau/belle - pretty  
vieux/vieille - old  
En ville - in town  
A la campagne - in the countryside  
Un jardin - a garden  
Une cuisine - a kitchen  
Une église - a church  
Un collège - a school  
Habiter - to live  
Déménager - to move house

**Week 5 Bienvenue en Corse**

La Corse - Corsica  
Une île - island  
La mer Méditerranée - mediterranean  
Animé - lively  
Du ski nautique - water ski  
Des fruits de mer - seafood