

Grammar Points:

Gramática

You use the **preterite** (simple past tense) to talk about completed events in the past.

ir	to go		
fui	I went	fuimos	we went
fuiste	you went	fuisteis	you (pl) went
fue	he/she went	fueron	they went

Gramática

In the preterite, regular **-er** and **-ir** verbs follow this pattern:

comer	to eat		
comí	I ate		
comiste	you ate		
comió	he/she ate		
comimos	we ate		
comisteis	you (pl) ate		
comieron	they ate		
salir	to go out		
salí	I went out		
saliste	you went out		
salíó	he/she went out		
salimos	we went out		
salisteis	you (pl) went out		
salieron	they went out		

The **I** form of **ver** in the preterite does not take an accent:

vi	I saw
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>> p22

Gramática

Use the preterite to refer to actions in the past. Regular **-ar** verbs follow this pattern:

visitar	to visit
visité	I visited
visitaste	you visited
visitó	he/she visited
visitamos	we visited
visitasteis	you (plural) visited
visitaron	they visited

Some verbs change their spelling in the **I** form:

sacar → saqué, sacaste, sacó.

Always stress the accented letter:
visité, visitó, bailé, bailó.

>> p22

Gramática

Ser (to be) is irregular in the preterite. You need to learn it by heart.

fui	I was
fuiste	you were
fue	he/she was
fuimos	we were
fuisteis	you (plural) were
fueron	they were

Ser and **ir** are identical in the preterite. For example:
Mi padre **fue** a Francia. **Fue** genial.
My father **went** to France. **It was** great.

>> p23

Gramática

To work out whether a sentence is about the present or the past:

- 1 Look closely at the verb forms.

present	past (preterite)
escucha, tomo	escuché, tomé
salga, ves, voy	salí, vi, fui

With **-ar** verbs, the **we** form is the same in the present and the preterite. For example:

visitamos	we visit/we visited
jugamos	we play/we played

- 2 Look at the time expressions.

present	past
normalmente	el verano pasado, hace dos años

>> p22

WEEK 1 - De Vacaciones

Fui a... - I went to

El año pasado - last year

El verano pasado - last summer

España - Spain

Francia - France

Escocia - Scotland

Gales - Wales

Grecia - Greece

Inglaterra - England

Irlanda - Ireland

Italia - Italy

Fui con - I went with

Mis amigos - my friends

Mi clase - my class

Mi familia - my family

Mis -padres

Fui en - I went by

autocar - coach

en avión - plane

en barco - boat

en coche - car

en tren - train

No fui de vacaciones - I didn't go on holiday

Homework this half term to help prepare for your assessments

1. Log in to Memrise and spend a **minimum** of 30 minutes a week playing the games based on the vocabulary from this half term. Obviously the more you play, the higher up the leaderboard you will be. Points will turn in to prizes every half term and you could be on the wall of fame outside T2.

Website: www.memrise.com

Username: You will create your own but ideally your school login

Password: You can create your own but we recommend 'Ormiston1'

You will then need to find your Memrise Group on Class Charts and off you go!

2. Your class teacher will set you weekly listening tasks. These will be on ActiveLearn.

Website:

<https://www.pearsonactivelearn.com/app/Home>

Username: Your FULL school email address, including the @ormiston...

Password: Ormiston1

High frequency vocab in gold

Nouns are in red

Verbs are in blue

Adjectives are in green



WEEK 2

¿Que hiciste?

¿Que hiciste en tus vacaciones? - What did you do on holiday?
Bailé - i danced
Compré - I bought
Descansé - I relaxed
Mandé SMS - I sent texts
Monté en bicicleta - I rode my bike
Nadé en el mar - I swam in the sea
Saqué fotos - I took photos
Tomé el sol - I sunbathed
Visité monumentos - I visited monuments

después - after
Luego - then
primero - firstly
Mas tarde - later
El primer dia - on the first day

WEEK 3

El Ultimo Dia

El ultimo dia - on the last day
Bebi una limonada - I drank lemonade
Comí una paella - I ate paella
Conocí - I met
Un chico - a boy
Una chica - a girl
Guapo - good looking
Guapa - good looking
Escribí SMS - I sent texts
Salí - I went out
Vi un castillo - I saw a castle

Otro dia - another day
Por la mañana - in the morning
Por la tarde - in the evening

WEEK 4

¿Como te fue?

Fue... - it was
Divertido - fun
estupendo - brilliant
Fenomenal - fantastic
Flipante - awesome
genial - great
guay - cool
Regular - ok
un desastre - a disaster
Raro - strange

Qué bien - how great
Qué bonito - how nice
Qué rico - how tasty
Qué suerte - how lucky
Qué aburrido - how boring
Qué horror - how dreadful
Qué lastima - what a shame
Qué mal - how bad
Qué rollo - how annoying

WEEK 5

El verano pasado

Me gustó - I liked
Me encantó - I loved

Porque - because

Hizo buen tiempo - it was nice weather
Comí algo mal - I ate something bad
Vomité - I was sick
Llovió - It rained
Perdí - I lost

Mi pasaporte - my passport
Mi movil - my mobile

WEEK 6

Vaya vacaciones

A - to
Al - to the (m)
A la - to the (f)

Con - with
mi/mis - my
Ademas - also
Pero - but

¿Como? - how

¿Dónde? - where

¿Adónde? - where to

Estrategia 1

Look, say, cover, write, check

Use the five steps below to learn how to spell any word.

- 1 LOOK Look carefully at the word for at least 10 seconds.
- 2 SAY Say the word to yourself or out loud to practise pronunciation.
- 3 COVER Cover up the word when you feel you have learned it.
- 4 WRITE Write the word from memory.
- 5 CHECK Check your word against the original. Did you get it right? If not, what did you get wrong? Spend time learning that bit of the word. Go through the steps again until you get it right.